



A foliar applied translocated herbicide for the control of annual and perennial grass and broad-leaved weeds before sowing or planting of all crops.

For use pre-emergence and pre-harvest in cereals and certain other crops, for destruction of grassland, and use in stubbles and orchards.

Degraded by micro-organisms/microbes in the soil.

A soluble concentrate containing 450 g/L glyphosate, present as 550 g/L (42.2% w/w) of the potassium salt of glyphosate

The (COSHH) Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations may apply to the use of this product at work.

PROTECT FROM FROST

ROUNDUP ULTIMATE

UFI: 1WS1-P03G-1006-F4ED Contains potassium salt of glyphosate and fatty alkyl ether alkyl amine ethoxylate.



Warning

Causes serious eve irritation. Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

Wear protective gloves/eve protection/face protection. Keep only in original container.

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsina.

If eve irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. Dispose of contents/container to a licensed hazardouswaste disposal contractor or collection site except for empty clean containers which can be disposed of as non-hazardous waste.

To avoid risks to human health and the environment. comply with the instructions for use.



HERBICIDE

GB304619998a rA3





Bayer CropScience Ltd

230 Cambridge Science Park, Milton Road, Cambridge, CB4 0WB, UK.

Telephone: 01223 226500

Website: https://cropscience.bayer.co.uk/

A soluble concentrate containing 450 g/L glyphosate, present as 550 g/L (42.2% w/w) of the potassium salt of glyphosate.

For 24-hour emergency information contact Bayer CropScience Ltd. Tel: 0330 678 3382 (24 hr)

National Poisons Information Centre UK: 0344 892 0111 (medical professionals only)

National Poisons Information Centre Dublin: +353 1 809 2166

IMPORTANT INFORMATION: FOR PROFESSIONAL USE ONLY AS AN AGRICULTURAL/HORTICULTURAL HERBICIDE

Crops/situations: Wheat, (including Durum wheat), barley, oats, combining peas, field beans; Oilseed rape, linseed; vining peas, sugar beet, swede, turnip, bulb onion, leek; Mustard; All edible crops (stubble), all non-edible crops (stubble); All edible and non-edible crops (destruction, before sowing/planting); Grassland (destruction); Apple, pear; plum, cherry, damson; Green cover on land not being used for crop production.

Maximum individual dose:

Maximum number of treatments: } Full details are given in Latest time of application: } the attached leaflet

Other specific restrictions: } (Crop Specific Information – marked #)

READ THE LABEL BEFORE USE. USING THIS PRODUCT IN A MANNER THAT IS INCONSISTENT WITH THE LABEL MAY BE AN OFFENCE. FOLLOW THE CODE OF PRACTICE FOR USING PLANT PROTECTION PRODUCTS.

SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

Operator protection

Engineering control of operator exposure must be used where reasonably practicable in addition to the following personal protective equipment:

WEAR SUITABLE PROTECTIVE GLOVES when handling the concentrate and when handling contaminated surfaces.

WEAR SUITABLE PROTECTIVE CLOTHING (COVERALLS), SUITABLE PROTECTIVE GLOVES AND RUBBER BOOTS when using hand-held sprayers, hand-held rotary atomisers, weed wiper equipment or spot gun equipment.

However, engineering controls may replace personal protective equipment if a COSHH assessment shows they provide an equal or higher standard of protection. WHEN USING DO NOT EAT, DRINK OR SMOKE. WASH HANDS AND EXPOSED SKIN before eating and drinking or smoking and after work.

Environmental protection

Do not contaminate water with the product or its container (do not clean application equipment near surface water/avoid contamination via drains from farmwards and roads).

DO NOT ALLOW DIRECT SPRAY from horizontal boom sprayers to fall within 5 m of the top of the bank of a static or flowing water body, unless a Local Environmental Risk Assessment for Pesticides (LERAP)



permits a narrower buffer zone, or within 1 m of the top of a ditch which is dry at the time of application. DO NOT ALLOW DIRECT SPRAY from hand held sprayers to fall within 1 m of the top of the bank of a static or flowing water body. Aim spray away from water.

This product qualifies for inclusion within the Local Environmental Risk Assessment for Pesticides (LERAP) scheme. Before each spraying operation from a horizontal boom sprayer, either a LERAP must be carried out in accordance with CRD's published guidance or the statutory buffer zone must be maintained. The results of the LERAP must be recorded and kept available for inspection for three years. For guidance on reducing buffer zones see 'Additional Information on LERAPs' under the Company Advisory Information section.

Storage and disposal

KEEP AWAY FROM FOOD, DRINK AND ANIMAL FEEDINGSTUFFS.

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN. KEEP IN ORIGINAL CONTAINER, tightly closed, in a safe place.

RINSE CONTAINER THOROUGHLY by using an integrated pressure-rinsing device or manually rinse three times. Add washings to sprayer at time of filling and dispose of safely. Triple rinsed containers may be disposed of as non-hazardous waste.

Crop specific information

Crops or situations	Maximum individual dose (litres of product per hectare)	Maximum total dose (litres of product/hectare/ crop or situation/ annum)	Latest time of application
Winter wheat, winter barley, winter oats, spring wheat, spring barley, spring oats, durum wheat, combining peas, field beans	3.2	3.2	7 days before harvest
Post planting and pre-emergence of listed cereals, oilseed rape, combining peas, vining peas, field bean, potatoes, mustard, linseed, sugar beet, swede, turnip, bulb onion and leek	1.2	1.2	Pre-emergence (ensure spraying precedes ANY crop emergence)
Oilseed rape and linseed	3.2	3.2	14 days before harvest
Mustard	3.2	3.2	8 days before harvest.
All edible crops (stubble), all non-edible crops (stubble)	4.0 and/or 1.2	4.0	5 days before drilling or planting the following crop or
	2	0.2	2 days before the drilling or planting of the following crop or 24 hours before cultivating
All edible and non-edible crops (destruction, before sowing/planting).	4.0	-	-
Grassland	4.8	4.8	5 days before harvest, grazing or drilling
Apple and pear orchards	4.0	4.0	After harvest but before green cluster stage
Cherry, plum and damson orchards	4.0	4.0	After harvest (post leaf fall) but before white bud stage
Green cover on land not being used for crop production	4.8	4.8	24 hours before cultivating

Other Specific Restrictions

When applying through rotary atomisers, the spray droplet spectra produced must be of a minimum Volume Median Diameter (VMD) of 200 microns. Weed wipers may be used in any recommended crop where the wiper or chemical does not touch the growing crop.

For weed wiper applications, the maximum concentrations must not exceed the following:

(a) Weed wiper mini - 1:2.75 dilution with water (b) Other wipers - 1:1.5 dilution with water

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

IMPORTANT: This information is approve as part of the Product Label. All instructions within this section must be read carefully in order to obtain safe and successful use of this product.

EXTREME CARE SHOULD BE TAKEN

TO AVOID SPRAY DRIFT AS THIS CAN SEVERELY DAMAGE NEIGHBOURING CROPS OR PLANTS. DO NOT MIX. STORE OR APPLY ROUNDUP ULTIMATE IN GALVANISED OR UNLINED STEEL CONTAINERS OR SPRAY TANKS. DO NOT leave spray mixtures in tank for long periods and make sure tanks are WELL

Restrictions

A period without rain of at least 6 hours, and preferably 24 hours, must follow application of Roundup Ultimate herbicide. Do not spray on to weeds suffering from

drought, water-logging, heat or frost, otherwise poor control may result.

Do not spray in windy conditions as drift onto desired plants or crops could severely damage or destroy them.

For the pre-crop emergence uses, ensure that spraying precedes ANY crop emergence.

Do not tank mix Roundup Ultimate with adjuvants, pesticides or fertilisers except as specified under Directions for Use -Compatibility.

Applications of lime, fertiliser, farmvard manure and pesticides should be delayed until 5 days after application of Roundup Ultimate.

Keep stock out of treated areas for at least 5 days.

TREATED POISONOUS PLANT SPECIES MUST BE REMOVED BEFORE REGRAZING

> OR CONSERVING. Where Ragwort is present users should consult the Code of Practice on How to Prevent the Spread of Ragwort. Ragwort plants sprayed with this herbicide are more palatable and contain higher levels of toxins. Animals should be excluded from treated areas until any

or silage crops.

Roundup Ultimate herbicide controls most emerged grasses and broad-leaved weeds. It is important that all weeds are at the correct growth stage when treated, otherwise some re-growth may occur and this will need re-treatment.

Ragwort has completely recovered or died

weed. Do not include treated Ragwort in hay

and there is no visible sign of the dead

Apply Roundup Ultimate herbicide where there is full emergence of grasses and broad-leaved weeds and they have ACTIVELY GROWING green leaves.

 PERENNIAL GRASSES must have full emergence of healthy, green leaf. (Common Couch, for example, becomes susceptible at the onset of tillering and new rhizome growth, which usually occurs when plants have 4-5 leaves, each with

10-15 cm of new growth). PERENNIAL BROAD-LEAVED WEEDS are most susceptible around the flowering

 ANNUAL GRASSES AND BROAD-LEAVED WEEDS should have at least 5 cm of leaf, or 2 expanded true leaves, respectively. In set-aside, annual grasses are best treated at full ear emergence, or before stem elongation. Application during stem extension phase of annual grasses e.g. Black-grass and Brome species on

• OTHER SPECIES – recommendations for specific areas of use are given in the

Recommendation Tables, pages 2-9. This product will not give an acceptable level of control of Horsetails (Equisetum arvense) – repeat treatment will be necessary.

Following crops

Upon soil adsorption the herbicidal properties of Roundup Ultimate are lost permitting the drilling of crops 48 hours after application.

Correctly calibrate all sprayers under field o

Mixing and spraying

a) Tractor mounted and powered sprayers These should be capable of applying

Half fill the spray tank with clean water, start gentle agitation, and then add the correct amount of Roundup Ultimate. Top up the

a de-foamer may be necessary.

set-aside between the end of April and end of May, may result in poor control and require re-treatment.

Recommended delivery range is 80 - 300 L/

use conditions prior to application.

accurately 80-400 L/ha within a pressure range of 1.5-2.5 bars (20-35 psi).

tank with water to the required level. To avoid microns for all uses. The water volume must foaming do not use top tank agitation. Use of be 40 litres/ha.

Medium Volume application (150–300 L/ha) Avoid high water volumes (> 300 L/ha) which may lead to run-off from the treated vegetation, resulting in reduced control. Low drift nozzles which produce a medium or coarse spray (BCPC definition) should be used to minimise the risk of drift.

Low Volume Application (minimum 80 L/ha) Low volume application can be achieved by reducing pressure and appropriate nozzle selection. Low drift nozzles which produce a medium spray quality (BCPC definition) should be used to minimise the risk of drift.

b) Knapsack Sprayers

ha. Half fill the spray tank with clean water. add the correct amount of ROUNDUP ULTIMATE and top up with water, close the top and shake gently to ensure good mixing. When used at a walking speed of 1 metre/ second to apply a swath of 1 metre width, most knapsack sprayers fitted with a HYPRO AN 2.0 or similar nozzle deliver approximately 200 L/ha spray volume (or 10 I per 500 m²). To apply 3.2 L/ha of ROUNDUP ULTIMATE, therefore, use a 1.6% solution, i.e. 160 ml ROUNDUP ULTIMATE made up to 10 litres. Similarly, knapsack sprayers fitted with low volume nozzles such as HYPRO AN

ULTIMATE in this case use 3.2% solution.

c) Rotary Atomisers When rotary atomisers are used to apply Roundup Ultimate ensure that the droplet diameter falls within the range 200-300

d) Hand-held Wipers

Roundup Ultimate may be applied through the weed wiper mini. Use a concentration of 1 part Roundup Ultimate to 2.75 parts of water and add a scarlet dye if required. Care should be taken to avoid dripping onto wanted vegetation.

e) Spot Gun Applicators - for treatment of

Apply 4 ml of spray to target weed, using a narrow cone TG-3 or TG-5 nozzle.

any water subjected to Roundup Ultimate spray drift may be used immediately for irrigation purposes. Until degraded, the active ingredient in Roundup Ultimate, glyphosate, is

Do not tank mix Roundup Ultimate with adjuvants, pesticides or fertilizers except as advised by Bayer Crop Science. For up to date information on compatible products contact Bayer Crop Science.

Amount of Roundup Sonic

L/ha

0.3 | 16 | 22.4 |

0.6 68 88 112

(ml) per 5 litres of spray solution

L/ha

This section is not part of the Product 1.0 typically deliver approximately 100 L/ha spray volume. To apply 3.2 L/ha ROUNDUP advice on the product.

be adhered to.

formulation that offers a high standard of operator safety. To maximise the intrinsic safety of Roundup Ultimate to operator, consumer and environment, the label Protection Products" of January 2006, should cannot occur.

Roundup Ultimate herbicide is a foliar-acting

herbicide with broad-spectrum activity. It is taken up by foliage and translocated to inderground roots, rhizomes and stolons, providing control of both annual and perennial grasses and broad-leaved weeds. Roundup Ultimate is rapidly adsorbed onto particulate matter in soils and water and is quickly degraded by the micro-organisms present in soil. Upon adsorption, the herbicidal properties of Roundup Ultimate are lost permitting drilling of crops within 48 hours

Group and copies are available from the of application. When used as directed, HGCA, CPA, your distributor, crop adviser or product manufacturer (Bayer). Growers are encouraged to implement a weed resistance strategy based on (a) good practically immobile in soils and is, therefore, agricultural practices and (b) good plant

vmptoms on the weeds Symptoms of treatment are generally first

occurs 30-40 days after spraying. At this

stage, the reeds can be cut and removed.

not appear before natural dieback but no

growth will occur in the season following

During cold conditions leaf symptoms may

unlikely to contaminate groundwater.

seen 7-10 days, or longer (if growth is slow), after spraying. These take the form of leaf reddening followed by yellowing and are usually quicker to appear on grasses than on broad-leaved weeds. Reaction of nettles is slow. Complete foliage desiccation usually

Label under the Plant Protection Products Regulations 1995 and provides additional

General Information Roundup Ultimate is an advanced glyphosate

People, pets and wildlife need not be kept out of treated areas. It is best not to walk in areas where the spray is still wet as transfer to other recommendations and the DEFRA/HSC/NAW vegetation may lead to unwanted damage publication "Code of Practice for Using Plant to other foliage. Once the spray is dry this

produced by the Weed Resistance Action

Weed resistance strategy There is low risk for the development of weed be applied. resistance to Roundup Ultimate.

Strains of some annual weeds (e.g. Blackgrass, Wild oats and Italian Ryegrass) have developed resistance to certain herbicides which may lead to poor control when using those herbicides. A strategy for preventing and managing such resistance should be adopted. This should include integrating herbicides with a programme of cultural control measures. Guidelines have been

Sprayer Maintenance Ensure the sprayer is in good working order

and replace damaged, worn or malfunctioning parts before use. Carry out maintenance according to the instructions of the sprayer manufacturer.

Sprayer Hygiene

It is essential to thoroughly clean-out spray tanks, pumps and pipelines and nozzle or disc assemblies, with a recommended detergent cleaner, between applying this product and other pesticides to avoid contamination from pesticide residues. practice to maintain effective weed control

Disposal

Follow the guidance on the disposal of surplus Application only under appropriate weather spray solution, tank washings, concentrate and containers as given in Section 5 of the Monitoring performance and reporting any DEFRA/HSC/NAW publication "Code of unexpected results to Bayer CropScience Practice for Using Plant Protection Products". January 2006.

Trademark References

proprietary rights may exist.

General Cautions

Take extreme care to avoid drift, particularly Roundup®, is a Registered Trademark of the when using near or alongside hedgerows. The use of low drift nozzles such as air induction All other brand names referred to are and pre-orifice nozzles are recommended. trademarks of other manufacturers in which

Calibration

protection practices by:

control practices

coverage

Limited.

Following label recommendations

The adoption of complimentary weed

• Minimising the risk of spreading weed

The implementation of good spraying

Using the correct nozzles to maximise

All sprayers should always be calibrated before use. This is essential when nozzles are changed or if a different dose of product is to

Unused Spray Mixture

Once Roundup Ultimate has been diluted in the spray tank, it should be used as soon as possible. However, if unexpected delays occur the diluted spray can be safely stored. Agitate well before use. Storage for longer than 3 days may result in reduced efficacy.

Safety Data Sheet

Label for the specified uses should ensure that the product is used safely and efficaciously for those uses.

Following the instructions on this Product

A full Material Safety Data Sheet is available on request.

Download from https://cropscience.baver.co.uk/ or Telephone: 01223 226500.

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> Maximum individual dose: Maximum number of treatments:

Full details are given in Latest time of application: } the attached leaflet Other specific restrictions: } (Crop Specific Information – marked #)

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SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

Operator protection

Engineering control of operator exposure must be used where reasonably practicable in addition to the following personal protective equipment: WEAR SUITABLE PROTECTIVE GLOVES when handling

the top of the bank of a static or flowing water body. Aim spray away from water. the concentrate and when handling contaminated This product qualifies for inclusion within the Local WEAR SUITABLE PROTECTIVE CLOTHING Environmental Risk Assessment for Pesticides (LERAP)

(COVERALLS), SUITABLE PROTECTIVE GLOVES AND scheme. Before each spraying operation from a RUBBER BOOTS when using hand-held sprayers, handhorizontal boom sprayer, either a LERAP must be carried held rotary atomisers, weed wiper equipment or spot gun out in accordance with CRD's published guidance or the statutory buffer zone must be maintained. The results of the LERAP must be recorded and kept available for

However, engineering controls may replace personal protective equipment if a COSHH assessment shows inspection for three years. For guidance on reducing they provide an equal or higher standard of protection. WHEN USING DO NOT EAT, DRINK OR SMOKE. WASH HANDS AND EXPOSED SKIN before eating and drinking or smoking and after work. KEEP AWAY FROM FOOD, DRINK AND ANIMAL

Environmental protection

Do not contaminate water with the product or its container (do not clean application equipment near surface water/avoid contamination via drains from farmyards and roads). DO NOT ALLOW DIRECT SPRAY from horizontal boom sprayers to fall within 5 m of the top of the

bank of a static or flowing water body, unless a Local Environmental Risk Assessment for Pesticides (LERAP) of as non-hazardous waste.



permits a narrower buffer zone, or within 1 m

of the top of a ditch which is dry at the time of

Application. DO NOT ALLOW DIRECT SPRAY

from hand held sprayers to fall within 1 m of

FEEDINGSTUFFS KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN. KEEP IN ORIGINAL CONTAINER, tightly closed, in a

RINSE CONTAINER THOROUGHLY by using an integrated pressure-rinsing device or manually rinse three times.

Add washings to sprayer at time of filling and dispose of safely. Triple rinsed containers may be disposed

MAPP Number 21250

RECOMMENDATION TABLES

AREA OF USE	TARGET WEEDS/USAGE	CROP OR SITUATIONS	WEED INFESTATION	APPLICATION RATE L/ha	WATER VOLUME	APPLICATION TIMING AND GUIDANCE	AREA OF U
PRE-HARVEST	Common Couch	WINTER and SPRING WHEAT.	1-25 shoots/m²	1.6	80-250 L/ha*	Grain/seed moisture must not exceed 30% at spraying.	
ARABLE CROPS		DURUM WHEAT, WINTER and	Up to 75 shoots/m²	2.4		Harvest intervals:	STUBBLES
		SPRING BARLEY and WINTER and SPRING OATS	Over 75 shoots/m²	3.2		CEREALS, PEAS, BEANS 7+ days	PRE-SOWII PRE-PLAN
		OILSEED RAPE MUSTARDS	Up to 75 shoots/m²	2.4	100-250 L/ha#	OILSEED RAPE 14-21 days	
			Over 75 shoots/m²	3.2		LINSEED 14-28 days	
		COMBINING PEAS	Up to 75 shoots/m²	2.4	80-250 L/ha*	MUSTARDS 8-10 days	
		FIELD BEANS	Over 75 shoots/m²	3.2		Use high clearance, narrow wheeled tractors, wide booms and crop dividers.	
		LINSEED	Up to 75 shoots/m²	2.4	80-250 L/ha	DO NOT TREAT CROPS GROWN FOR SEED.	
			Over 75 shoots/m ²	3.2		Where desiccating crops, check susceptibility of any weeds	
	Perennial broad-leaved weeds and other perennial grasses	WINTER and SPRING WHEAT, DURUM WHEAT, WINTER and SPRING BARLEY and WINTER and SPRING OATS	All levels/species	3.2	80-250 L/ha*	present. Do not attempt to desiccate OILSEED RAPE or MUSTARD crops with significant secondary growth, uneven maturity, disease or stress.	POST SOW
		OILSEED RAPE MUSTARDS	All levels/species	3.2	200-250 L/ha	Desiccate LINSEED when seeds are light brown and capsules brown; stems/leaves may be yellow/green.	PLANTING, EMERGENO
		COMBINING PEAS	All levels/species	3.2	80-250 L/ha*	Effects on brewing and baking have not been tested. Consult grain merchant or processor before use.	CROP
		FIELD BEANS				# Use higher volumes for dense canopies	ALL EDIBLI
		LINSEED	All levels/species	3.2	80-250 L/ha	At harvest management rates, ANNUAL NETTLE, VOLUNTEER POTATO. ROSEBAY WILLOW HERB and POLYGONUM WEEDS will	NON-EDIBL (DESTRUC
	Harvest management	WINTER and SPRING WHEAT, DURUM WHEAT, WINTER and	Annual grasses, crop stems and leaves	0.8	80-250 L/ha*	not be susceptible. WHEAT crops, WHEAT VOLUNTEERS and BROAD-LEAVED WEEDS may require up to 14 days before harvest.	BEFORE SO PLANTING
		SPRING BARLEY and WINTER and SPRING OATS	Annual broad-leaved weeds	1.2		Treated straw must not be used as a horticultural mulch.	
	Crop desiccation and annual weeds, prior to direct	OILSEED RAPE MUSTARDS	All levels/species	2.4	100-250 L/ha#	*Rotary atomisers may be used at a water volume of 40 L/ha. Ensure droplet diameter falls within the range 200-300 microns.	
	combining	LINSEED	All levels/species	2.4	80-250 L/ha		

AREA OF USE	TARGET WEEDS/USAGE	CROP/SITUATION	WEED INFESTATION	APPLICATION RATE L/ha	WATER VOLUME	APPLICATION TIMING AND GUIDANCE	
STUBBLES,	Common Couch	BEFORE ALL CROPS EXCEPT	Up to 75 shoots/m²	2.4	80-250 L/ha*	Do not cultivate immediately before spraying.	ĺĺ
PRE-SOWING and PRE-PLANTING		ORCHARDS	Over 75 shoots/m ²	3.2		For PERENNIAL weed control, allow:	
FRE-FLANTING	Other perennial grasses;]	All levels/species	3.2	1	- 21+ days growth before spraying in spring	
	volunteer potatoes					- VOLUNTEER POTATOES to make ample top growth	
	(autumn only)				-	- 5 days before cultivating or drilling	
	Perennial broad-leaved weeds		All levels/species	4.0		For ANNUAL weed control, allow:	
					-	- 24 hours before cultivating	
	Volunteer cereals and annual weeds		All levels/species	1.2		- 48 hours before direct drilling	
	Perennial grasses and	BEFORE ORCHARD PLANTING	Arable weeds	3.2	80-250 L/ha*	Allow 7 days before planting trees	
	broad-leaved weeds	DEI ONE ONOHAND PEANTING	Pasture weeds	4.0	00-230 L/11a	* Rotary atomisers may be used at a water volume of 40 L/	
			r asture weeds	4.0		ha. Ensure droplet diameter falls within the range 200-300 microns.	
POST SOWING/	Volunteer cereals and	LISTED CEREALS	All levels/species	1.2	80-250 L/ha*	CAUTION - Ensure that spraying precedes ANY crop emergence.	
PLANTING, PRE- EMERGENCE OF THE CROP	annual weeds	OILSEED RAPE, POTATOES, MUSTARD, LINSEED, PEAS, FIELD BEANS, SUGAR BEET, SWEDE, TURNIP, ONION & LEEK				* Rotary atomisers may be used at a water volume of 40 L/ha. Ensure droplet diameter falls within the range 200-300 microns.	
ALL EDIBLE AND	Vegetation management	-	Annual weeds	1.2	80-250 L/ha*	Do not use under polythene or glass.	
NON-EDIBLE CROPS			Perennial grasses	3.2	or hand-held	Do not use in or alongside hedgerows	
(DESTRUCTION, BEFORE SOWING/			Perennial broad-leaved	4.0	equipment	*Rotary atomisers may be used at a water volume of 40 L/ha.	
PLANTING			weeds			Ensure droplet diameter falls within the range 200-300 microns	

AREA OF USE	TARGET WEEDS/USAGE	CROP/SITUATION	WEED INFESTATION	APPLICATION RATE L/ha	WATER VOLUME	APPLICATION TIMING AND GUIDANCE
GREEN COVER ON LAND NOT BEING	Common Couch	BEFORE or DURING REMOVAL FROM	Up to 75 shoots/m² Over 75 shoots/m²	2.4 3.2	80-250 L/ha* or	Before using on land taken out of production as part of a grant aided scheme, ensure compliance with the management rules of
USED FOR CROP PRODUCTION EG "SET ASIDE"	Perennial broad-leaved weeds and other perennial grasses	ds and other equipment	equipment	that scheme. Do not 'top' or cultivate immediately before application. For PERENNIAL weed control, allow: 21+ days growth before spraying in spring		
	Annual weeds: - early autumn/spring - late spring/ summer		All levels/species All levels/species	1.2 2.4	tractor mounted weed wiper	- 21+ days grown before spraying in spring - 5 days before cultivating or drilling. For ANNUAL weed control, allow: - 24 hours before cultivating. Do not direct drill after set aside. * Rotary atomisers may be used at a water volume of 40 L/ha.
						Ensure droplet diameter falls within the range 200-300 microns. Avoid applications during stem elongation as reduced control and re-spray is likely.
	Natural regeneration and cover crop destruction	AFTER SHORT ROTATION or LONG TERM REMOVAL FROM PRODUCTION	Annual weeds only Perennial grasses Perennial broad-leaved weeds Perennial broad-leaved weeds as listed below	2.4 3.2 4.0 4.8+	or hand held equipment or tractor mounted weed wiper	Best control of annual grasses is achieved between full ear emergence and senescence. +Only for weeds listed as per grassland destruction application rate table below.
GRASSLAND - DESTRUCTION	Short rotation Ryegrass, longer leys and permanent pasture	GRASS	Short rotation Ryegrass with annual weeds Leys 2-4 years old with perennial grass weeds Long leys 4-7 years old with perennial broad-leaved weeds Permanent pasture See Weed Table below.	2.4 3.2 4.0 4.8	150-250 L/ha	Treat EITHER before grazing/mowing in June-Oct, when growth is 30-60 cm, not dense and lacking mature seeds, OR re-growth after grazing/mowing. Select the application rate which controls/destroys the least susceptible weed and grass species present in the sward. Grass may be conserved or grazed by cattle, dairy cows or sheep 5+ days after spraying. REMOVE POISONOUS PLANTS BEFORE GRAZING/MOWING. If Ragwort is present, the guidance in the 'DIRECTIONS FOR USE' must be followed. ONLY direct drill grass and clover EITHER into 1-2 year leys without mat, 5+ days after spraying, OR long leys with some mat, in the spring following autumn application.

2.4 L/ha	3.2 L/ha		4.0 L/ha		ha
nnual Meadow-grass Meadow Fescue ommon Chickweed Meadow Foxtail ommon Mouse-ear Rough Meadow-g ock Seedlings Speedwell species alian Rye-grass Timothy layweed species	Creeping Soft-grass Curled Dock Perennial Rye-grass Plantains Soft Brome Yorkshire Fog	Bracken** Common Sorrel Common Nettle Creeping Buttercup* Creeping Thistle Daisy Dwarf Thistle Perennial Sow-thistle	Red Clover Sedges Sheep's Sorrel Soft Rush Spear Thistle Tufted Hairgrass Yarrow	Common Ragwort Hard Rush Heath Rush Jointed Rush Molinia (Purple Moor-grass)	Nardus (Mat grass) Red Fescue White Clover* Yellow Rattle Sheep's Fescue

* White clover is best cut in June and sprayed one month later ** At full frond expansion

EA OF USE	TARGET WEEDS/ USAGE	CROP/SITUATION	WEED INFESTATION	APPLICATION RATE L/ha	WATER VOLUME	APPLICATION TIMING AND GUIDANCE
CHARDS	Perennial grasses, broad-leaved weeds	APPLE, PEAR, PLUM, CHERRY, DAMSON	All levels of most species	4.0	Hydraulic sprayers including hand held 200-	Spray AFTER autumn leaf-fall and BEFORE: Apples, pears - green cluster stage
	Root suckers		-	4.0	400 L/ha or Rotary atomisers at 40 L/ha	Stone fruit - white bud stage Treat root suckers in late spring only. Trees must have been established 2+ years. Avoid contact with tree 30+ cm above ground.
CROP RACTOR-MOUNTED EED WIPER PLICATION)	Bolters, weed beet, other weeds	ARABLE CROPS AND GRASSLAND SET ASIDE	All levels	OR 1:2.75 dilution with water in hot, dry conditions. For 'new generation' wipers consult the manufacturer for guidance.		Weeds must be 10+ cm taller, and wiper 5+ cm higher, than desired vegetation. Wipe dense populations twice, in opposite directions. BOLTING BEET requires three applications, 2 weeks apart, from early July to early August. Contact Bayer or your distributor for specific recommended weed wiper applicators. POISONOUS WEEDS and grazing/mowing interval - See GRASSLAND section