

Reseeding this summer



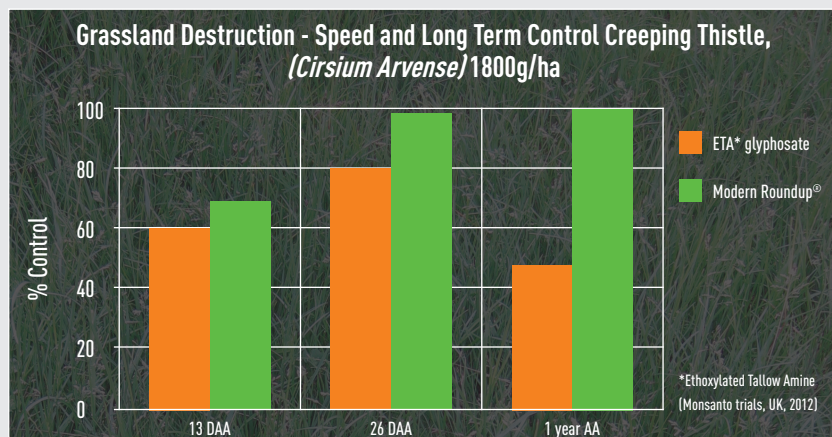
Why reseed?

If livestock farmers are to make money in these testing times, cost of production must fall.

Rather than making grass leys last longer, consider reseeding to boost both yield and quality of home grown fodder. New swards produce an average of 25% more dry matter in the first year alone.

Reseeding gives the flexibility to save costs with higher stocking rates, reduced bought in feed bills or release land for other crops.

Choose Roundup for proven long term weed control.



Burning off with Roundup

Effective establishment of a new sward can only be achieved by complete removal of weed grasses and troublesome broad-leaved weeds from the old sward.

Roundup is a patented formulation of glyphosate and a blend of adjuvants which improve rainfastness, uptake and translocation down to the roots.

Rainfast on grass and weeds from 1 hour. Complete turnaround to planting in 5 days.

A wide ranging label includes Aquatic use on river banks and near watercourses and hard surfaces around the farm yard.

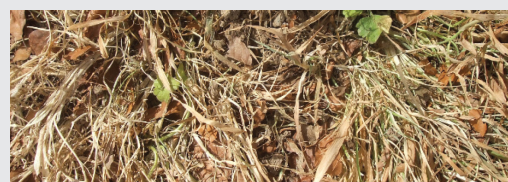
Revised: January 2022

Application pre-cut or pre-graze with safety to livestock and adjacent crops

Foliage treated with Roundup can be grazed or ensiled and fed as normal with no reduction in feeding value or acceptability and may reduce silage effluent.

High quality formulations minimises spray drift and risk to adjacent crops.

Timing: Between June and October on growth of 30-60 cm. Apply 5 days before grazing or cutting 2nd or 3rd cut silage. Grass may be utilised as normal.



Rates of use:

Identify weed species present and apply to a minimum of 30 - 60 cm fresh growth at rates below:

Weed/Ley type	Rate gai/ha
1-2yr old leys, annual weeds	720
Short term leys, annual weeds	1080
2-4yr old leys + perennial grass weeds	1440
Medium-long term + perennial broad-leaved weeds	1800
Permanent pasture + established perennial weeds	2160

For further information, visit www.cropsscience.bayer.co.uk/roundup, or call 0800 1969522 for technical enquiries.

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Ail hadu dros yr hâf?



Pam ail - hadu?

Os yw ffermwyr stoc am wneud arian yn y cyfnod anodd hwn mae'n anorod y bydd rhaid i gostau cynhyrchu ddisgyn.

Yn hytrach na gwneud i'r borfa barhau yn hirach meddylwch am ail hadu i gynyddu cynnyrch ac ansawdd eich porthiant. Ar gyfartaledd mae glas dir newydd yn cynhyrchu 25% yn fwy o ddefnydd sych yn ei flwyddyn cyntaf.

Mae ail-hadu yn rhoi'r hyblygrwydd i arbed costau ynghyd a lefelau stocio uwch, yn lleihau biliau prynu mewn ac yn rhyddhau tir i gnydau eraill.

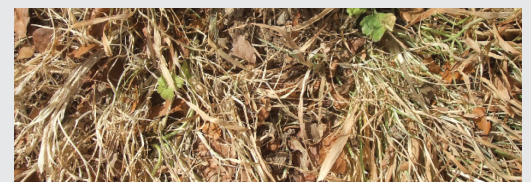
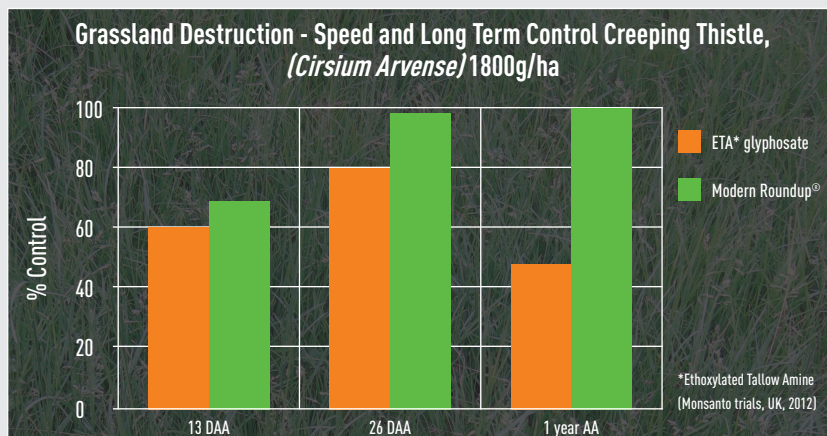
Dewiswch Roundup i reoli chwyn yn yr hir dymor.

Defnydd cyn - dorri neu cyn pori yn ddiogel i stoc a cnydau cyfagos

Gellir bori neu silweirio deiliach wedi ei drin gyda Roundup yn ol yr arfer heb leihau gwerth y bwyd a gall leihau carthffrwd y silwair.

Mae fformleiddiadau o ansawdd uchel yn lleihau drifft chwistrell a pherygl i gnydau cyfagos.

Amseriad : Rhwng Mehefin a Hydref ar dyfiant o 30-60cm. Defnyddir 5 diwrnod cyn pori neu 2il neu 3ydd toriad silwair. Defnyddir y porfa yn l yr arfer.



Cyfraddau defnydd:

Adnabod y chwyn sy'n bresennol ai ddefnyddio ar dyfiant newydd sydd o leiaf 30-60cm fel a ganlyn:

Chwyn/math o borfa	Rate gai/ha
Porfa 1-2 mlwydd oed, chwyn unflwydd	720
Porfa tymor byr, chwyn unflwydd	1080
Porfa 2-4 mlwydd oed a chwyn parhaol	1440
Canolig i hir dymor + chwyn llydan ddail parhaol	1800
Porfa parhaol + chwyn parhaol	2160

Triniaeth gyda Roundup

Er mwyn bod yn effeithiol wrth sefydlu glaswelltir o'r newydd rhaid sicrhau bod chwyn weiriau a chwyn llydan ddail yn cael ei disodli'n gyfangwbl o'r hen dyfiant.

Mae Roundup yn gymysg a chynhwysion eraill yn gwella ei effaithiolrwydd i lynnu rhag y glaw, ei fewnlifiad ai symudiad at y gwreiddiau.

Glynnu rhag glaw - ar laswellt a chwyn wedi un awr. O drin i blannu - o fewn pum diwrnod

Label eang ddefnydd gan gynnwys ar lan afon ac yn agos at nentydd ac ar wyneb caled o gwmpas y buarth.